

argenx Announces Positive Topline Results from Phase 3 ADAPT Trial of Efgartigimod in Patients with Generalized Myasthenia Gravis

- Trial met primary endpoint (p <0.0001)
- Well-tolerated; safety profile comparable to placebo
- Biologics License Application on track to be submitted to U.S. Food and Drug Administration by end of 2020
 - Conference call scheduled for today, May 26, 2020 at 8:30 a.m. EDT (2:30 p.m. CEST)

May 26, 2020

Breda, the Netherlands / Ghent, Belgium – argenx (Euronext & Nasdaq: ARGX), a global immunology company committed to improving the lives of people suffering from severe autoimmune diseases and cancer, today announced positive topline data from the pivotal ADAPT trial of efgartigimod. ADAPT met its primary endpoint defined as percentage of responders on the Myasthenia Gravis Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) score among acetylcholine receptor-antibody positive (AChR-Ab+) generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) patients. Responders are defined as having at least a two-point improvement on the MG-ADL score for at least four consecutive weeks. Based on these results, argenx plans to submit a Biologics License Application (BLA) to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) by the end of 2020.

Highlights of topline ADAPT data

- 67.7% of AChR-Ab+ patients treated with efgartigimod achieved the primary endpoint compared with 29.7% on placebo (p<0.0001).
- 63.1% of AChR-Ab+ patients responded to efgartigimod compared with 14.1% on placebo on the Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) score (p<0.0001); responder defined as having at least a three-point improvement on the QMG score for at least four consecutive weeks.
- 40.0% of efgartigimod-treated AChR-Ab+ patients achieved minimal symptom expression defined as MG-ADL scores of 0 (symptom free) or 1, compared to 11.1% treated with placebo.
- Efgartigimod was well-tolerated with a safety profile that was comparable to placebo.

"The efgartigimod data showed rapid and robust responses in people with gMG, as well as a favorable tolerability profile," said James F. Howard Jr., M.D., Professor of Neurology (Neuromuscular Disease), Medicine and Allied Health, Department of Neurology, The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill School of Medicine and principal investigator for the ADAPT trial. "Patients with this devastating disease can experience chronic and potentially life-threatening muscle weakness that has a major impact on their quality of life, and more treatment options are needed. These data are very encouraging as they show efgartigimod has potential to make a meaningful impact on daily living activities, and we are hopeful they will lead to a new treatment being available for the gMG community."

"With the ADAPT trial, we set out to evaluate efgartigimod's ability to redefine the treatment paradigm for people living with gMG. The data showed that efgartigimod drove fast and deep responses, including in a proportion of patients who achieved minimal or no symptoms after treatment. In addition, we saw responses that lasted beyond eight or 12 weeks, supporting our plans to offer individualized dosing schedules that are purpose-fit to the variability in disease course that gMG patients experience," commented Wim Parys, M.D., Chief Medical Officer of argenx. "Based on these data, we intend to submit a BLA for efgartigimod to the FDA before the end of the year, taking us one step closer to potentially making efgartigimod available to patients in 2021. All of us at argenx want to thank the patients and healthcare providers who participated in the ADAPT trial. ADAPT is the first pivotal trial of efgartigimod and these data further our confidence in its broad opportunity in other severe, IgG-mediated autoimmune diseases."

Additional ADAPT results, including secondary endpoints and prespecified analyses

- In the ADAPT trial, the secondary endpoints listed below also demonstrated statistically significant differences in the efgartigimod arm for AChR-Ab+ patients, unless otherwise noted, compared to placebo:
 - MG-ADL responders in the overall population, including both AChR-Ab+ and AChRantibody negative patients (p<0.0001).
 - Time on trial in clinically meaningful improvement (MG-ADL improvement \geq 2) (p=0.0001).
 - Fast onset of response on MG-ADL score (onset observed in first two weeks) (p=0.0004).
 - Time to qualify for retreatment endpoint did not meet statistical significance.
- In AChR-Ab+ patients who met the primary endpoint, the majority showed a sustained response, including 88.6% who achieved a response for at least six weeks, 56.8% for at least eight weeks and 34.1% for at least 12 weeks.
- Of AChR-Ab+ patients who received a second treatment cycle, 70.6% were MG-ADL responders compared to 25.6% of placebo patients.
- 90% of patients enrolled in the ADAPT trial continued to the ADAPT-Plus open-label extension study.
- Percentage of efgartigimod responders on the MG-ADL score in the AChR-antibody negative patient population was consistent with the AChR-Ab+ patient population, but a greater placebo response was observed in this cohort.

Detailed data from the ADAPT trial will be submitted for presentation at a future medical meeting.

Phase 3 ADAPT Trial Design

The Phase 3 ADAPT trial was a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, multi-center, global trial evaluating the safety and efficacy of efgartigimod in patients with gMG. A total of 167 adult patients with gMG in North America, Europe and Japan enrolled in the trial and were treated. Enrolled patients had a confirmed gMG diagnosis and an MG-ADL total score of five or greater. Patients were on a stable dose of at least one gMG treatment prior to randomization, including acetylcholinesterase inhibitors, corticosteroids or nonsteroidal immunosuppressive drugs, and were required to remain on that stable dose throughout the primary trial. Patients were eligible to enroll in ADAPT regardless of antibody status, including patients with AChR antibodies (AChR-Ab+) and patients where AChR antibodies were not detected.

Patients were randomized in a 1:1 ratio to receive efgartigimod or placebo for a total of 26 weeks as part of the primary trial. ADAPT was designed to enable an individualized treatment approach with an

initial treatment cycle followed by a variable number of subsequent treatment cycles. Treatment cycles consist of four infusions of efgartigimod (10mg/kg IV) or placebo at weekly intervals. Retreatment with additional treatment cycles was initiated according to clinical response. The primary endpoint was the number of AChR-Ab+ patients who achieved a response on the MG-ADL score defined by at least a two-point improvement for four or more consecutive weeks.

After the 26-week primary ADAPT trial, patients were eligible to roll-over into an open-label extension, ADAPT Plus.

About Efgartigimod

Efgartigimod is a first-in-class antibody fragment designed to reduce disease-causing immunoglobulin G (IgG) antibodies and block the IgG recycling process. Efgartigimod binds to the neonatal Fc receptor (FcRn), which is widely expressed throughout the body and plays a central role in rescuing IgG antibodies from degradation. Blocking FcRn reduces IgG antibody levels representing a logical potential therapeutic approach for several autoimmune diseases known to be driven by disease-causing IgG antibodies, including: myasthenia gravis (MG), a chronic disease that causes muscle weakness; pemphigus vulgaris (PV), a chronic disease characterized by severe blistering of the skin; immune thrombocytopenia (ITP), a chronic bruising and bleeding disease; and chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIDP), a neurological disease leading to impaired motor function.

About Myasthenia Gravis (MG)

MG is a rare and chronic autoimmune disease where IgG antibodies disrupt communication between nerves and muscles, causing debilitating and potentially life-threatening muscle weakness. More than 85% of people with MG progress to generalized MG (gMG) within 18 months, where muscles throughout the body may be affected, resulting in extreme fatigue and difficulties with facial expression, speech, swallowing and mobility. In more life-threatening cases, MG can affect the muscles responsible for breathing. Patients with confirmed AChR antibodies account for 80-90% of the total gMG population. There are approximately 65,000 people in the United States and 20,000 people in Japan living with the disease.

Conference Call Details

Management will host a conference call and webcast presentation today at 2:30 p.m. Central European Summer Time (CEST) / 8:30 a.m. Eastern Daylight Time (EDT). To participate in the conference call, please select your phone number below and use the confirmation code 6295982. The webcast may be accessed on the Investors page of the argenx website at <u>www.argenx.com</u> or by clicking <u>here</u>.

Dial-in numbers: Please dial in 5–10 minutes prior to 2:30 p.m. CEST / 8:30 a.m. EDT using the number and conference ID below.

Confirmation Code: 6295982

Belgium: +32 (0)2 793 3847 Belgium: 0800 484 71 France: +33 (0)1 7070 0781 France: 0805 101 465 Netherlands: +31 (0)2 0795 6614 Netherlands: 0800 023 5015 UK: +44 (0) 844 481 9752 UK: 0800 279 6619 US: +1646 741 3167 US: 1877 870 9135

About argenx

argenx is a global immunology company committed to improving the lives of people suffering from severe autoimmune diseases and cancer. Partnering with leading academic researchers through its Immunology Innovation Program (IIP), argenx is translating immunology breakthroughs into a world-class portfolio of novel antibody-based medicines. argenx is evaluating efgartigimod in multiple serious autoimmune diseases, and cusatuzumab in hematological cancers in collaboration with Janssen. argenx is also advancing several earlier stage experimental medicines within its therapeutic franchises. argenx has offices in Belgium, the United States and Japan. For more information, visit www.argenx.com and follow us on LinkedIn at https://www.linkedin.com/company/argenx/.

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Forward-looking Statements

The contents of this announcement include statements that are, or may be deemed to be, "forwardlooking statements." These forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, including the terms "believes," "estimates," "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "may," "will," or "should" and include statements argenx makes concerning the safety, tolerability and efficacy of efgartigimod and the results of the ADAPT trial; the timing of planned regulatory submissions with the FDA and, if approved, launch in the U.S.; the therapeutic and commercial potential of efgartigimod; the opportunity of efgartigimod in other severe, IgG-mediated autoimmune diseases; and the intended results of its strategy. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties and readers are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. argenx's actual results may differ materially from those predicted by the forward-looking statements as a result of various important factors, including argenx's expectations regarding its the inherent uncertainties associated with competitive developments, preclinical and clinical trial and product development activities and regulatory approval requirements; failure to demonstrate the safety, tolerability and efficacy of argenx's product candidates; final and quality controlled verification of data and the related analyses; the expense and uncertainty of obtaining regulatory approval, including from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and European Medicines Agency; the possibility of having to conduct additional clinical trials; argenx's reliance on collaborations with third parties; estimating the commercial potential of argenx's product candidates; argenx's ability to obtain and maintain protection of intellectual property for its technologies and drugs; argenx's limited operating history; and argenx's ability to obtain additional funding for operations and to complete the development and commercialization of its product candidates. A further list and description of these risks, uncertainties and other risks can be found in argenx's U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filings and reports, including in argenx's most recent annual report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC as well as subsequent filings and reports filed by argenx with the SEC. Given these uncertainties, the reader is advised not to place any undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of publication of this document. argenx undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise the information in this press release, including any forward-looking statements, except as may be required by law.